

RADIATION CHEMICAL CONVERSION OF OIL DERIVED FROM OIL-BITUMEN ROCK

Lala Jabbarova^a, Islam Mustafaev^a, Rauf Rzayev^{a*}, Zarqalam Nabizade^a,
Navoi Ibadov^a, Saida Akhmedbekova^b

^a*Institute of Radiation Problems, National Academy of Sciences of Azerbaijan, 121, H. Javid ave., Baku AZ 1143, Azerbaijan*

^b*Institute of Petrochemical Processes, National Academy of Sciences of Azerbaijan, 30, N. Rafiev str.,
Baku AZ 1025, Azerbaijan*

**e-mail: r_rzayev80@mail.ru; Clala@mail.ru*

Abstract. The results of research in the radiation processing of synthetic oil derived from oil-bitumen rock of the Balakhany deposit in Azerbaijan are presented. The study has been conducted on a ⁶⁰Co gamma-source at a dose rate of $P = 0.5$ Gy/s and various absorbed doses of $D = 43$ – 216 kGy. Samples of synthetic oil from natural bitumen rocks have been analyzed by chromatography, gas chromatography–mass spectrometry, and IR-spectroscopy, and their radiation resistance has been evaluated. The results of the study allow for both assessment of the feasibility of manufacturing petrochemicals for various applications by radiation processing and use of these materials for isolating radioactive sources to preclude their impact on the environment.

Keywords: oil-bitumen rock, synthetic oil, oxygen, hydrocarbon gases, radiation.