

**DFT STUDY OF THE ENTIRE REACTION CYCLE OF H₂O₂
DECOMPOSITION AND O₂ GENERATION CATALYZED
BY FENTON REAGENT**

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Abstract. On the base of density functional theory calculations the four-stage mechanism for the oxygen production and the Fe²⁺ regeneration in the Fenton reaction is proposed. The transition state for each step of the entire reaction cycle was localized and verified by intrinsic reaction coordinate analysis. It is shown that the O-O bond cleavage of coordinated H₂O₂ at the first step of reaction does not lead to a free OH radical. Instead, a highly reactive intermediate [Fe(IV)(H₂O)₄(OH)₂]²⁺ with two OH radicals “trapped” in the complex is formed with the energy barrier of 15 kcal/mol. The result of the next two reaction steps is the formation of the two HO₂ radicals which can react on the triplet energy surface in order to produce O₂ in the triplet ground state and a H₂O₂ molecule.

Keywords: Fenton reaction, Fenton reagent, H₂O₂ decomposition, DFT calculations.